

DEMAND No.50

PENSION AND OTHER RETIREMENT BENEFITS

POLICY NOTE FOR 2016-2017

சூழாமல் தானே முடிவெய்தும் தம்முடியைத்
தாழாது உருற்று பவர்க்கு.

(குறள் 1024)

Who strains ceaselessly to elevate his subjects;
Gains success spontaneously.

(Kural 1024)

The Government has established the Directorate of Pension with effect from 1-9-1994 to redress the grievances of the Pensioners / Family Pensioners and for ensuring speedy settlement of pension / terminal benefits.

2. There are about 7,24,648 Pensioners and Family Pensioners in Tamil Nadu as on 31-07-2016. The details of Pensioners and Family Pensioners are given below:

Sl. No.	Details	Drawing pension through		Total
		Treasuries	Public Sector Banks	
1.	State Civil Pensioners	3,50,810	47,898	3,98,708
2.	Teacher Pensioners	68,022	10,490	78,512

Sl. No.	Details	Drawing pension through		Total
		Treasuries	Public Sector Banks	
3.	Civil Family Pensioners	1,74,636	13,912	1,88,548
4.	Teacher Family Pensioners	26,807	4,493	31,300
5.	Other category Pensioners	27,275	305	27,580
	Total	6,47,550	77,098	7,24,648

3. Major component of the expenditure under this Demand relates to pension and pensionary benefits of Government employees and teaching and non-teaching staff in aided educational institutions. This demand also covers the activities of Directorate of Pension and the expenditure on pension and other benefits granted to freedom fighters and Ex-INA personnel.

4. Under this Demand in the Revised Budget Estimate 2016-2017, a sum of ₹ 20,769.25 Crore is provided for Pension and other retirement benefits, ₹ 129.00 Crore for Miscellaneous General Services and ₹ 20.43 Crore for Social Security and Welfare, totaling to ₹ 20,918.68 Crore.

5. PENSION.

- (i) A minimum qualifying service of 10 years is necessary to become eligible for Pension. The Government has reduced the qualifying service from 33 years to 30 years to become eligible for full Pension with effect from 1-7-1996. Further, Pension is being determined based on 50% of pay last drawn or 50% of average emoluments drawn during the last 10 months of service rendered whichever is higher.
- (ii) A pensioner is entitled for a minimum pension of ₹ 3,050/- per month with effect from 1-1-2006.

6. GRATUITY.**(i) Service Gratuity.**

Service Gratuity is admissible for those who have put in less than 10 years of qualifying service. It is calculated at the uniform rate of half a month's emoluments for every completed six monthly period of service. This is a one time lumpsum payment for the service rendered in addition to the Retirement Gratuity admissible.

(ii) Death Gratuity.

In the event of death in harness, Death Gratuity is admissible at the following rates:-

Sl. No.	Length of Service	Rate of Gratuity
1.	Less than one year	Two times monthly emoluments
2.	One year or more but less than five years	Six times of monthly emoluments
3.	Five years or more but less than twenty years	Twelve times of monthly emoluments
4.	Twenty years or more	Half of monthly emoluments for every completed six monthly period of qualifying service subject to a maximum of 33 times of monthly emoluments provided that the amount of Death Gratuity in no case exceeds ₹ 10 lakh with effect from 1-1-2006.

(iii) Retirement Gratuity.

One who has completed five years of qualifying service and above is granted Retirement Gratuity on his/her retirement at the rate of 1/4th of emoluments for each completed six monthly period of qualifying service subject to a maximum of 16^{1/2} times of monthly emoluments. The ceiling limit of Retirement Gratuity is ₹ 10 lakh with effect from 1-1-2006. In respect of employees retiring on or after 1-4-1998, gratuity is calculated based on pay and dearness allowance last drawn. With effect from 1-1-2006, basic pay includes grade pay also for this purpose.

7. FAMILY PENSION.

- (i) The family of a Government employee is eligible for family pension in the event of his/her death either in service or after retirement. In the case of death while in service, one year of continuous service in a pensionable post at any time during

his/her service is required to become eligible for family pension. In cases of death while in service, the enhanced family pension is payable at the rate of 50% of the pay last drawn for a period of 7 years after death. After this period, the family pension is regulated at 30% of the pay last drawn. Family pension is also allowed to the family of Government employees who die in harness before completion of one year continuous service provided that the deceased Government servant concerned immediately prior to his/her appointment to the service or post was examined by a medical authority and declared fit for Government service. In the case of death after retirement, one should be a pensioner at the time of death for the family to become eligible for family pension.

(ii) Family pension is payable to the widow/ widower till her/his re-marriage or death whichever is earlier. After her / his death, it is payable to the children upto the age of 25 years or till their marriage whichever is earlier. However, if the son / unmarried daughter is suffering from any disorder or disability of mind or physically crippled or disabled so as to render him/her unable to earn a livelihood the family pension shall be payable to such son/daughter for his/her life time even after attaining the age of 25 years. The Government also ordered for the payment of life time family pension of ₹ 3,050/- along with Medical Allowance to the unmarried / divorced / widowed daughters of pensioners of this State with effect from 28-11-2011 subject to fulfillment of certain conditions.

(iii)The minimum family pension payable is ₹ 3,050/- per month with effect from 1-1-2006.

8. EX-GRATIA PAYMENT.

Government has issued orders enhancing ex-gratia payment from ₹ 605/- per month to ₹ 645/- per month with Dearness Allowance @ 237% with effect from 1st January 2016 to the families of deceased Contributory Provident Fund / Non-Pensionable Establishment beneficiaries of State Government and the employees of former District Board who had retired / died in harness prior to 1st January 1986 and who are not eligible for family pension.

9. COMMUTATION OF PENSION.

Pensioners are eligible to commute a portion of pension upto $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ of pension and receive a lumpsum payment. This commutation of pension is authorised by the Accountant-General without medical examination if they apply for the same within

one year from the date of issue of Pension Payment Order. This concession has been extended in the case of voluntary retirement also. The Government has also allowed restoration of the commuted portion of pension after 15 years from the date of retirement in cases where commutation of pension is simultaneous with retirement or 15 years from the date of commutation where commutation of pension is done in the second or subsequent months of retirement.

10. OTHER RETIREMENT BENEFITS.

- (i) Encashment of Earned Leave at credit at the time of retirement upto a maximum of 240 days is allowed.
- (ii) Encashment of the Unearned Leave on Private Affairs standing to their credit at the time of retirement upto a maximum of 180 days which shall be converted to 90 days for full salary is also allowed.

(iii) Pay, Grade Pay, Dearness Allowance, House Rent Allowance, City Compensatory Allowance are allowed for the entire portion of Earned Leave and Unearned Leave on Private Affairs.

(iv) Transfer Travelling Allowance is allowed for going to native place or to the place wherever retired employee wishes to settle down after retirement.

11. OTHER BENEFITS TO PENSIONERS.

A. Dearness Allowance.

(i) The pensioners / family pensioners are paid Dearness Allowance on par with the serving employees of the Government.

(ii) Military pensioners who are in receipt of State Pension are allowed to draw Dearness Allowance on State Pension also in addition to Dearness Allowance on Central Pension.

B. Medical Allowance.

- (i) The Pensioners / Family Pensioners are allowed medical allowance of ₹ 100/- per month with effect from 1.6.2009.
- (ii) Provisional Pensioners / Family Pensioners are also allowed Dearness Allowance and Medical Allowance.

C. Pongal Prize.

A lumpsum Pongal Prize amount of ₹ 500/- has been sanctioned to all Pensioners including adhoc pensioners of all categories and Family Pensioners of Government including All India Services, aided educational institutions and local bodies.

D. Festival Advance.

Pensioners are being given festival advance similar to Government servants. This amount has been enhanced from ₹ 1000/- to ₹ 2000/- with effect from 14-3-2013.

12. NEW HEALTH INSURANCE SCHEME, 2014 FOR PENSIONERS (INCLUDING SPOUSE) / FAMILY PENSIONERS.

- (i) New Health Insurance Scheme, 2014 for Pensioners (including spouse) / Family Pensioners is being implemented with effect from 1-7-2014 in lieu of Tamil Nadu Government Pensioners' Health Fund Scheme, 1995 to provide health care assistance to the Pensioners (including spouse) / Family Pensioners on CASHLESS basis with provision to avail assistance upto Rupees Two Lakhs for a block period of four years i.e. from 1-7-2014 to 30-6-2018. The Pensioner / Family Pensioners has to contribute ₹ 150/- per month under this scheme.
- (ii) Pensioners (including spouse) / Family Pensioners will cover more medical treatments and surgical procedures than the number of medical treatments and surgical procedures accredited

earlier under the Tamil Nadu Government Pensioners' Health Fund Scheme, 1995. Under this scheme, Pensioners (including spouse) / Family Pensioners can avail medical assistance upto ₹ 2.00 Lakhs for a block period of four years on cashless basis as against ₹ 1.00 lakh sanctioned for the life time under the Tamil Nadu Government Pensioners' Health Fund Scheme, 1995. From the date of commencement of the new scheme i.e., 01-07-2014, till 31-7-2016, 99,317 beneficiaries have availed medical assistance amounting to Rs. 283.55 crore.

13. PENSIONERS' FAMILY SECURITY FUND SCHEME.

The Government is implementing the Tamil Nadu Government Pensioners' Family Security Fund Scheme with effect from 1-1-1997. Under this scheme, a sum of ₹ 80/- per month is deducted from the

pension as contribution. In the case of death of Pensioner after one month of contribution to the fund, a sum of ₹ 50,000/- enhanced from 7-6-2013 is paid to the family. Upto 31-07-2016 a total number of 1,65,007 families have benefited under this scheme and a sum of ₹ 493.65 Crore has been disbursed to the members of the family of deceased pensioners.

**14. TAMIL NADU GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES
SPECIAL PROVIDENT FUND CUM
GRATUITY SCHEME, 1984.**

This Scheme was introduced with effect from 1-4-1984. A monthly subscription of ₹ 20/- per month was recovered from Government employee for 148 months and the total subscription is being repaid along with interest accrued thereon at the time of retirement with Government contribution of ₹ 10,000/-.

**15. TAMIL NADU GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES
SPECIAL PROVIDENT FUND CUM
GRATUITY SCHEME, 2000.**

(i) This Scheme is implemented with effect from 1-10-2000.

(a) All regular Government employees in service upto 30-9-2000 may opt to subscribe ₹ 50/- per month till one month prior to the date of retirement which is refundable along with interest accrued thereon;

(b) This Scheme is compulsory to the person appointed on or after 1-10-2000 and the subscription will be ₹ 70/- per month. The subscription is refundable with interest and Government contribution of ₹ 10,000/- on the date of retirement.

(ii) The Director of Pension is the Estimating, Reconciling and Controlling Authority to the above schemes. Funds

provided by Government in the Budget is drawn and disbursed by departments to the retired employees and teachers (except aided schools / colleges / polytechnic colleges) for settlement of payment under the schemes.

16. PENSION TO STAFF OF AIDED EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS INCLUDING LOCAL BODIES.

The Staff of aided educational institutions and local bodies are allowed the same pensionary benefits as available to State Government employees.

17. ADDITIONAL PENSION / ADDITIONAL FAMILY PENSION.

The State Government Pensioners / Family Pensioners aged 80 years and above are paid additional pension / additional family pension on their basic pension / basic family pension according

to their age with effect from 1-1-2011 as below:

Sl. No.	Age of Pensioner / Family Pensioner	Additional quantum of pension/family pension	No. of Pensioner / Family Pensioner as on 31-7-2016
1.	From 80 years to 84 years.	20% of revised basic pension / family pension.	24,472
2.	From 85 years to 89 years.	30% of revised basic pension / family pension.	9,319
3.	From 90 years to 94 years.	40% of revised basic pension / family pension.	2,245
4.	From 95 years to 99 years.	50% of revised basic pension / family pension.	415
5.	100 years or more.	100% of revised basic pension / family pension.	55
Total			36,506

18. THE EXPENDITURE ON PENSION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS OVER THE PAST YEARS HAS BEEN AS FOLLOWS:

Year	Total Expenditure on Pension and other retirement benefits (₹ in crore)	Expenditure on pension as a percentage of total revenue receipts
2001-2002	3,050.48	16.07
2002-2003	3,488.20	16.86
2003-2004	3,279.96	13.84
2004-2005	3,921.05	13.78
2005-2006	4,488.83	13.22
2006-2007	5,461.68	13.35
2007-2008	6,038.96	12.71
2008-2009	7,776.21	14.13
2009-2010	8,439.24	15.11
2010-2011	11,855.27	16.89
2011-2012	12,687.97	14.89
2012-2013	13,248.08	13.41
2013-2014	14,934.37	13.82
2014-2015	17,528.06	14.32
2015-2016 (RE)	19,130.69	13.83
2016-2017 (RBE)	20,918.68	14.12

e-PENSION.

19. A web-enabled software to process the pension payment and to have a Centralized Database of the pensioners has been implemented in all the Districts and Pension Pay Office, Chennai. Under this scheme, the monthly pension and other retirement benefits to the pensioners are now credited directly to the bank account of pensioners through Electronic Clearing Service / Regional Electronic Clearing Service. Further, migration of pension related information from Accountant General's database into e-pension Central Server will also be done to ensure data accuracy and saving of time and resources.

MUSTERING OF PENSIONERS.

20. Considering the difficulties of the senior citizens, this department is taking initiatives to simplify the annual mustering process by incorporating the provision of biometric identification through Finger Print Reader with the help of NIC. By making such facilities available at the banks in future, the Pensioners will get an opportunity to exercise

online authentication from the nearby banks itself, which enables biometric identification.

In addition, Aadhaar numbers are being linked with the pensioner's data at the time of annual mustering. The Government of India launched Jeevan Pramaan, a biometric enabled digital service for pensioners. Using the present Aadhaar linkage, pensioners are encouraged to use Jeevan Pramaan Portal through which a Life Certificate issued online by a Government agency after Aadhaar Biometric Authentication will also be accepted as a valid certificate.

The Government is pursuing action vigorously to achieve 100 percent Aadhaar linkage with pensioner's database. Once this is achieved, all the pensioners will be able to use Jeevan Pramaan Portal to generate digital life certificate without any difficulties. The pension disbursing authority may access the life certificate without insisting either on personal appearance of the pensioner or Life Certificate by the competent authority.

21. Apart from this, the upcoming Integrated Finance and Human Resource Management System will also help in creating hassle free and user-friendly environment for the Pensioners to receive all the required services from the Government.

DIGITIZATION OF PENSION RECORDS.

22. The work of digitization of the Pension Payment Orders of the Pensioners attached to the Pension Pay Office, Chennai and all Treasuries and to link it with the web enabled e-pension software is under process. An amount of Rs.1.26 crore was sanctioned by the Government for this purpose. After digitization, secured and sustainable storage, easy and multiple access beyond boundaries, retrieval of information by all end users including the pensioners and enhanced quality of records such as legibility, avoidance of discoloration etc., are the expected key benefits of digitization.

23. CONTRIBUTORY PENSION SCHEME.

New employees who have joined on or after 1-4-2003 are enrolled under the Contributory Pension Scheme. A subscription at the rate of 10% of basic pay (pay in the Pay Band and Grade Pay) plus dearness allowance is being recovered from the employees who joined in Government service after 1-4-2003. Under this scheme, the Government is also making an equal contribution. Accountant General was maintaining the accounts of the Contributory Pension Scheme, which has now been transferred to Director of Treasuries and Accounts, which is maintaining the account through Government Data Centre. There are about 4,32,978 Government and Aided Educational Institution employees are covered under this scheme and a sum of Rs.**13,690** crores has been accumulated including interest as on 31-3-2016.

DIRECTORATE OF PENSION

24. The retired Government employees including teachers who have rendered pensionable service as per Tamil Nadu Government Pension Rules, 1978 are eligible for monthly pension as fixed at the time of retirement and revised as per extension of any pension benefit that may be allowed by Government from time to time as sanctioned by Pension Sanctioning Authority and authorised by Accountant-General as per the codal provisions and payment of pension made through Treasuries / Sub-Treasuries / Pension Pay Office and Public Sector Banks. In addition to the service pension, family pension is paid to the spouse / eligible daughter / son of the deceased Government employees while in service and on demise of the pensioners.

The Government established the Directorate of Pension with effect from 1-9-1994. This Directorate is now headed by a Director who is in the rank of Joint Secretary to Government, Finance Department. Besides the Director, the Directorate is functioning with the support of one Joint Director, one Deputy Director, one Accounts Officer, one

Assistant Accounts Officer and other Ministerial and basic service staff. The major activities of this Directorate are as follows:

- (i) Redressal of the grievances of the State Civil and Teacher pensioners.
- (ii) Settlement of pensioners' grievances through Pensioners' Adalat.
- (iii) Attending to the clarifications sought for by the pensioners.
- (iv) Administering and implementing the Tamil Nadu Government Industrial Employees Provident Fund Scheme for Government Departments.
- (v) Administering and implementing Tamil Nadu Government Pensioners' Health Fund Scheme, 1995 for Pensioners / Family Pensioners.
- (vi) Administering and implementing Tamil Nadu Government Pensioners' Family Security Fund Scheme, 1997 for Family Pensioners.
- (vii) Estimating, Reconciling and Controlling Authority for Tamil Nadu Government Employees Special Provident Fund cum Gratuity Scheme, 1984.

- (viii) Estimating, Reconciling and Controlling Authority for Tamil Nadu Government Employees Special Provident Fund cum Gratuity Scheme, 2000.
- (ix) Preparation of Budget Estimate of pay and allowances and other benefits in respect of serving employees in the Directorate of Pension and reconciliation of departmental accounts with Pay and Accounts Office and Accountant-General.
- (x) Administering and implementing Tamil Nadu Social Security Scheme, 1974 for unorganized daily wages, labourers and Public.

REDRESSAL OF THE GRIEVANCES

Settlement of Pensioners' Grievances in Pension Directorate.

25. The petitions received from Pensioners / Family Pensioners in various Districts, through Chief Minister's Special Cell and under Right to Information Act are given due attention for immediate settlement of

pensioners' grievances. During the year 2015, 641 Chief Minister's Special Cell petitions, 725 Right to Information Act petitions and other 1,665 petitions from the districts were received in the Directorate of Pension. Expeditious action is taken to redress the grievances of the petitioners.

District Collectors Pensioners' Grievances Day Meeting.

26. The District Collectors conduct Pensioners' Grievances Day Meeting once in three months in their districts. The Director or Joint Director attends these meetings and assist in the expeditious disposal of such grievances petition in the Districts. The pension benefit proposals pending with the Office of the Accountant-General are also followed up by this Directorate to speed up settlement. As a follow up action, the concerned Heads of Departments are addressed in respect of the Districts

grievances petition, department-wise meetings are conducted periodically with departmental officials to review the progress on settlement of these grievance petitions.

PENSION ADALAT.

27. Pension Adalat has been constituted by the Tamil Nadu Legal Services Authority at High Court Complex, with effect from 22.02.2002. The Government formed a Committee consisting of the Director of Pension, officers from concerned Departments in the Secretariat, Heads of Departments and representative of the Accountant-General to execute directions and follow up action on the Pension Adalat upon settlement of Pensioners' grievances put before the authority. The Director of Pension has been nominated as the Nodal Officer for the Adalat. The Adalat meeting is held twice every month. 66 cases have been enquired during the period from 1-1-2015 to 31-12-2015 out of which 19 cases have been settled.

PENSION PAY OFFICER, LINK BANK OFFICIALS AND PENSIONERS' ASSOCIATIONS MEETING.

28. The Director of Pension conducts monthly meeting with Link Bank Officials, Pension Pay Officer in the presence of Pensioners' Association Representatives to sort out problems faced by Pensioners in the Banks under Public Sector Bank Scheme and Pension Pay Office under Pilot Scheme in Chennai.

GUIDE TO PENSIONERS.

29. A Guide to Pensioners showing information of pension and other retirement benefits, orders issued by Government from time to time and guidelines to send pension / family pension proposals has been displayed on the **website www.tn.gov.in/dop**. Pension Forms can also be downloaded from the above Website for instant use. The Directorate of Pension may be contacted through **e.mail** also. The **e-mail** address of this Directorate is **dop@tn.nic.in**.

**COMPUTERISATION OF PENSION
DIRECTORATE.**

30. As per programme developed by National Informatics Centre, the Health Fund Scheme and Family Security Fund Scheme have been fully computerised by which necessary input data is fed, processed and output is generated in the form of sanction proceedings. Similarly, the Employees Provident Fund Scheme has also been computerised with slight modification by National Informatics Centre. For introduction of ECS to credit their payments under the above said Pensioners' Welfare Schemes through Reserve Bank of India in their respective Bank Accounts, the process for ECS payment is being carried out with the assistance of National Informatics Centre, Pension Pay Office, Treasuries and Bank Officials by which payment through Cheque will be dispensed to ensure immediate credit of payments to the Pensioners.

**PENSION AND OTHER BENEFITS TO
FREEDOM FIGHTERS AND EX-INA
PERSONNEL.**

31. The Government of Tamil Nadu has always given top priority in extending facilities to the Freedom Fighters and their families, who had participated in the freedom struggle of our country. The Government has earnestly been implementing a number of Welfare Schemes such as Freedom Fighters Pension, Family Pension, Medical facilities, Free Transport facilities, priority in Government employment and allotment of houses etc.

32. The Freedom Fighters Pension scheme was first implemented in the State with effect from 1-10-1966. As per the above scheme, Freedom Fighters who were sentenced to imprisonment or held under detention for not less than three months or who were killed in action or who became permanently incapacitated due to firing or lathi charge during their participation in the National Freedom Movement are eligible to get Freedom Fighters Pension / Family Pension. This scheme had been extended to the Ex-INA

personnel and persons who participated in Naval Mutiny in 1946 and those who suffered imprisonment in Madurai Conspiracy case. Further such of those Freedom Fighters, who have gone underground evading the arrest or those whose properties were confiscated / attached or who were removed / dismissed from service due to their participation in the freedom movement, were also brought under the eligibility criterion to receive Freedom Fighter Pension provided that such claims are supported by documentary evidence through court records or other official records. The period of three months of imprisonment that was fixed as one of the eligibility criteria for getting pension was reduced to three weeks with effect from 1-4-1980. The income ceiling fixed was also removed with effect from 11-3-1983.

33. The pension payable to Freedom Fighters has been enhanced from time to time. The pension has been enhanced from Rs.11,000/- to Rs.12,000/- with effect from 15-8-2016.

34. In the event of death of any State Freedom Fighter Pensioner, the pension is paid continuously to the wife / husband / minor children of the Freedom Fighter as family pension. The Government also sanction the continuance of pension to the son / daughter of the freedom fighters who is suffering from any disorder or disability of mind or is physically crippled or disabled so as to render him or her unable to earn a living even after attaining the age of 18 years in the case of the son and 21 years in the case of the daughter till their life. This family pension amount has been enhanced from time to time. The family pension has been enhanced from Rs.5,500/- to Rs.6,000/- with effect from 15-8-2016.

35. The Government has been sanctioning the special pension to the descendants of eminent persons in recognition of significant role played by them in the freedom movement. Under this scheme, the descendants of Sivagangai Marudhu Pandiar Brothers, direct and senior descendants of Veerapandia Kattabomman and eligible descendants of Muthuramalinga Vijaya Raghunatha Sethupathy of Ramanathapuram are receiving pension with enhancement to ₹ 6,000/- per month with effect from 15-8-2016. At present 111 descendants of Marudhu Pandiar Brothers, 5 direct and senior descendants of Veerapandia Kattabomman, 65 eligible descendants of Muthuramalinga Vijaya Raghunatha Sethupathy of Ramanathapuram and 1 descendant of V.O.Chidambaranar are receiving this pension. They will receive the above pension till their life time.

36. The other concessions granted to the Freedom Fighters and their dependants are given below: -

(a) Medical Facilities:

Medical Allowance is paid to all Pensioners who are receiving Central Pension or State Pension or both and to their widows and Minor children. This amount was enhanced from ₹ 100/- per month to ₹ 500/- per month with effect from 15-8-2012. The above pensioners or their dependants are permitted to avail 'A' class facility in old Hospitals and 'pay ward' facility without payment of any charges in new Hospitals.

(b) Transport facility:

The Freedom Fighters, drawing Central or State Pension, their widows and legal heirs are given free bus pass to travel in the buses of State Transport Corporation.

(c) Housing Facility:

Reservation of 1% has been made to the Freedom Fighters, in the allotment of houses/plots/flats made by the Tamil Nadu Housing Board from out of 18% reserved for SCs/STs, out of 5% reserved for Dhobies and Barbers and out of 37% reserved for the General Public.

(d) Employment Assistance:

Priority is given for the legal heirs of Freedom fighters when their names are sponsored by Employment Exchanges to Government Departments and Undertakings for filling up of vacancies.

(e) Funeral Expenses:

A sum of ₹ 5,000/- is being sanctioned immediately to the wife or the immediate legal heirs of the Freedom Fighters towards funeral expenses in the event of death of the Freedom Fighter. As a mark of respect to the deceased Freedom Fighter, an officer

not below the rank of a Tahsildar from the Revenue Department on behalf of the Government will place a wreath on the body of the deceased Freedom Fighter. It will be applicable to those who are receiving State / Central Freedom Fighters Pension or receiving both pensions.

37. The number of Freedom Fighters in Tamil Nadu, who are now drawing State Pension under various schemes, are as follows:

Sl. No.	Various Kinds of Pensions	Numbers
1.	Freedom Fighters receiving State Freedom Fighters Pension (₹ 12,000 + ₹ 500/- Medical Allowance per month)	289
2.	Dependants receiving Family Pension (₹ 6,000 + ₹ 500/- Medical Allowance per month)	1,378
3.	Descendants of Sivagangai Marudhu Pandiar Brothers (₹ 6,000/- per month)	111
4.	Descendants of Veerapandia Kattabomman (₹ 6,000/- per month)	5

Sl. No.	Various Kinds of Pensions	Numbers
5.	Descendants of Muthuramalinga Vijaya Raghunatha Sethupathy (₹ 6,000/- per month)	65
6.	Descendant of V.O.Chidambaranar (₹ 6,000/- per month)	1

38. CENTRAL PENSION SCHEME:

The Central Government has been implementing the Scheme of Freedom Fighters Pension (Swatantrata Sainik Samman Pension) with effect from 15-8-1972. According to this Scheme, the following concessions are granted:

- (i) Each recipient of Swatantrata Sainik Samman Pension is getting ₹ 6,330/- as pension along with 238% Dearness Allowance i.e. ₹ 21,395/- with effect from 1-8-2015. The total number of persons who are receiving Central Freedom Fighters Pension / Family Pension is 1,193.

(ii) State Pension of ₹ 500/- per month from the State Funds is paid to those who receive Central Freedom Fighters Pension/Family Pension.

39. For the year 2016-2017, a total sum of ₹ 19,29,45,000/- has been provided for the political pension schemes mentioned above.

O. PANNEERSELVAM
Minister for Finance, Personnel &
Administrative Reforms.